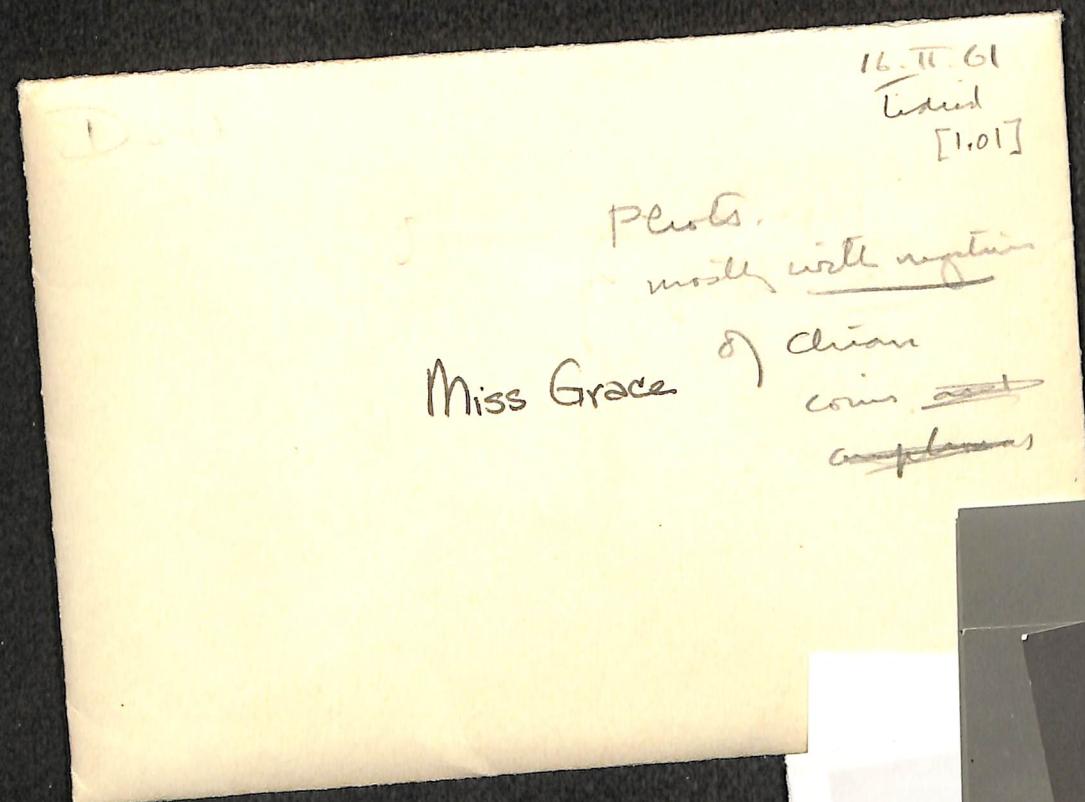


VRG_Folder - 0576



Dan

16. II. 61
tidied
[1.01]

Plots.

mostly with negative

Miss Grace 8) clean
corn ~~and~~
~~amphibians~~



1.026



1.036

Emil

March (953)



1.046



1.056



1.066



1.07 b



1.086



1.09 b



1.10 b

1000000



4

1. 11 b

1. $\frac{1}{2} \times 10^3 \text{ m}^3$

$\frac{1}{2} \times 10^3$

$\frac{1}{2} \times 10^3 \text{ m}^3$

Æ



16

1.12 b

$$N_{\text{sites}} = \sum_{i=1}^{n^2} N_{\text{sites},i}$$

$$\{x_i\}_{i=1}^n$$

$$y_1 = \dots = y_n$$



5

1.13b

Non. 62200

1996

PL. 1115



1.146

Max. 2 m.

2 2

2 2

Γ.Π.64

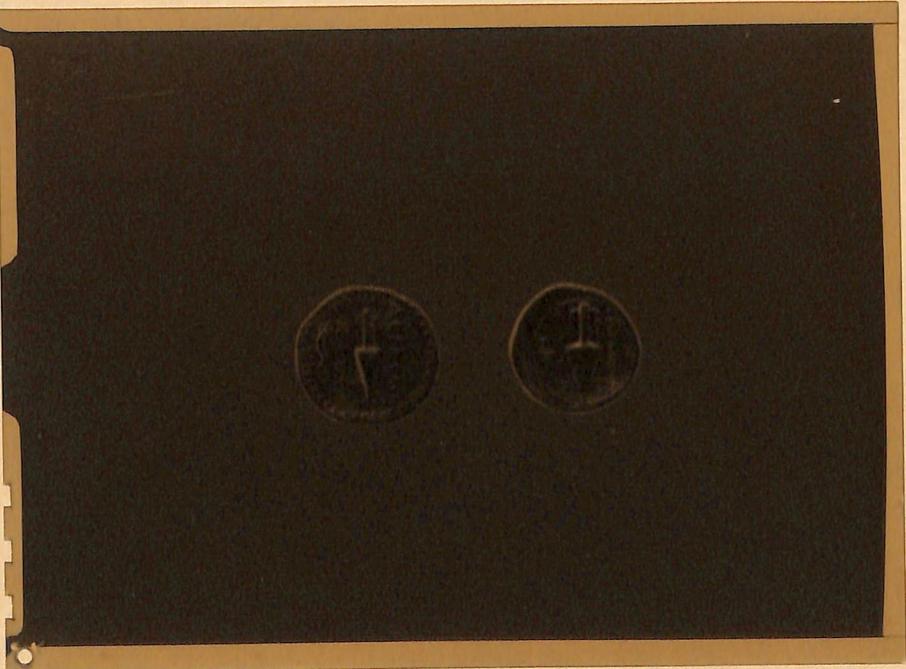
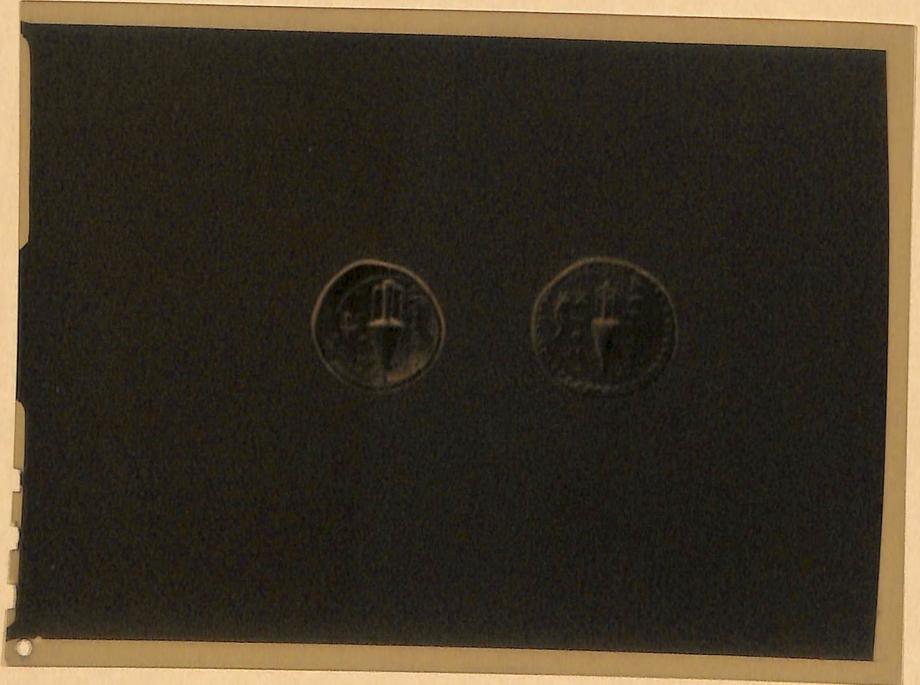
The postage was 9/- a day 1.15g



ΑΕΡΟΠΟΡΙΚΩΣ
BY AIR MAIL

1.15b

1.15b



Plot. of Quan cows

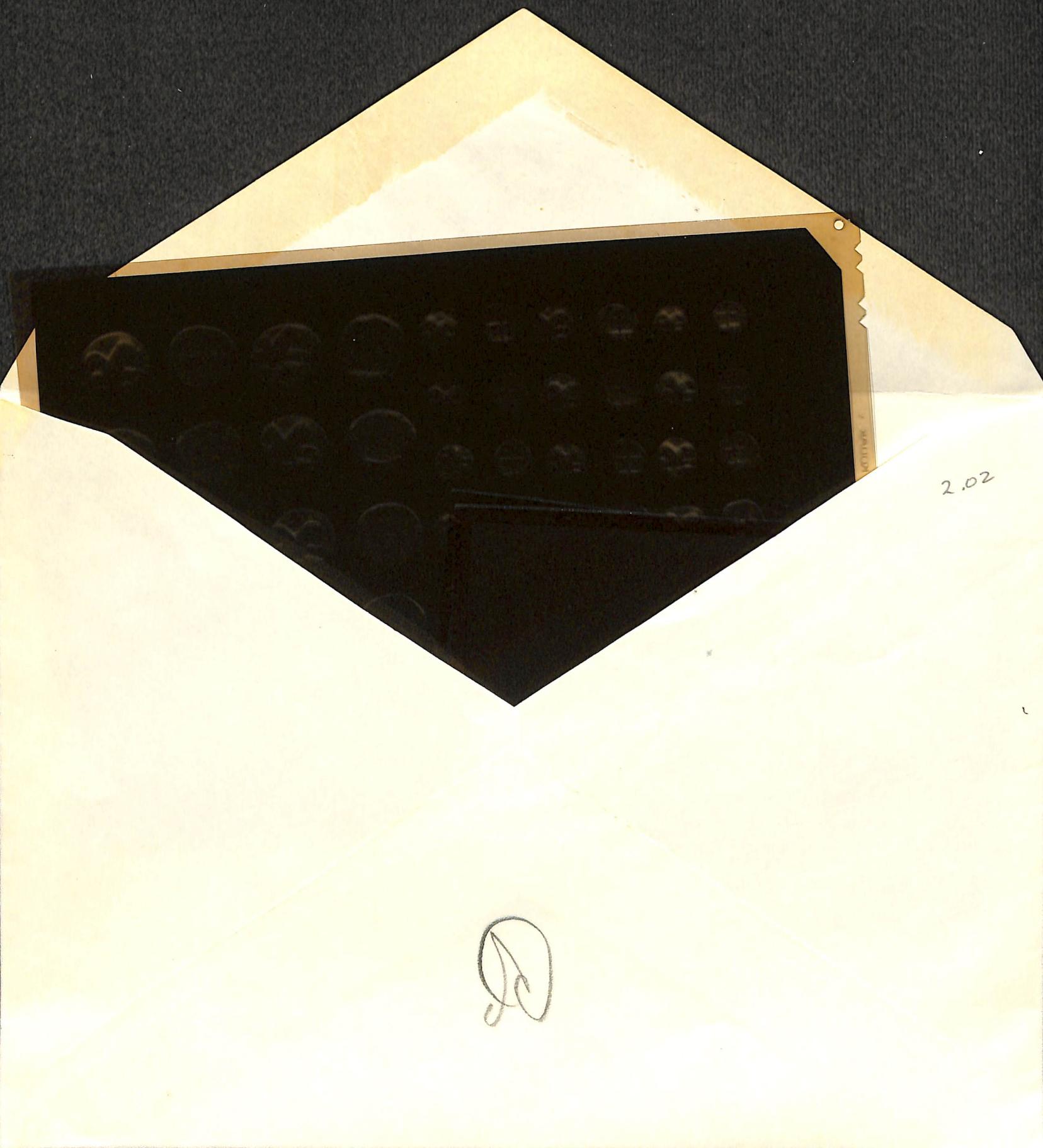
March 1953

D.S.H.

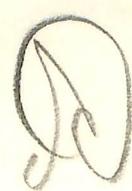
[2.01]

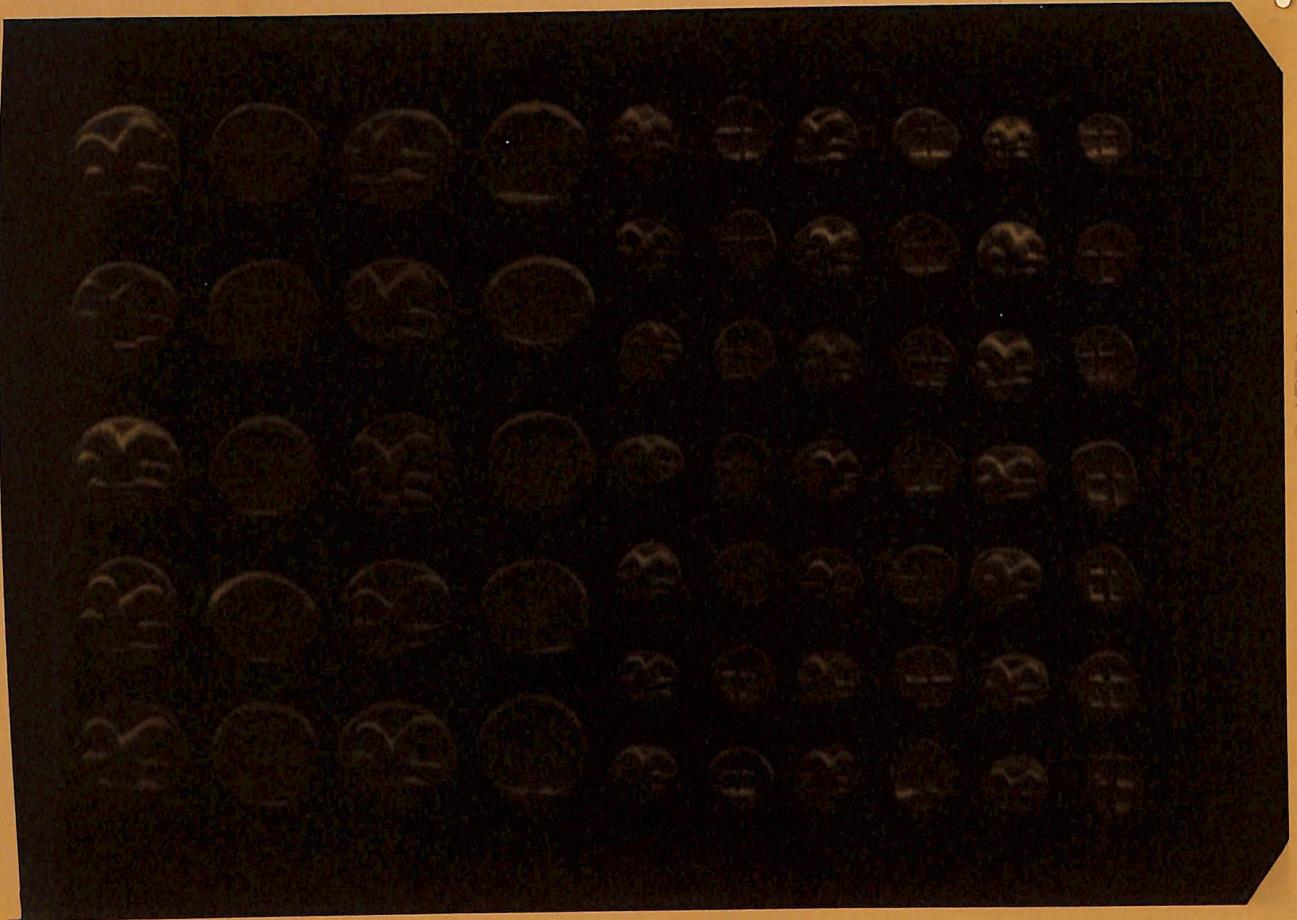
J. uel.

J.



2.02





3.01a

~~negative and prints~~

⑨ ~~dark~~ coins

~~also ^{old} dark coins~~

3,01b





3.02 b

23 Jan

1978

100 g

100 g



3.03b



3.046



3.05b

13.06a

2

~~Ghian wine~~



2 00

3.066

Cut from
an
outcrop.

2138

this



3.076

blue wren
April 1952



3.086

60



3.096

Photos WPW

Feb. 1952

my com



2, 10 b

6°



3.11 b

Plants upw

Feb 1952

new coming



3.12b

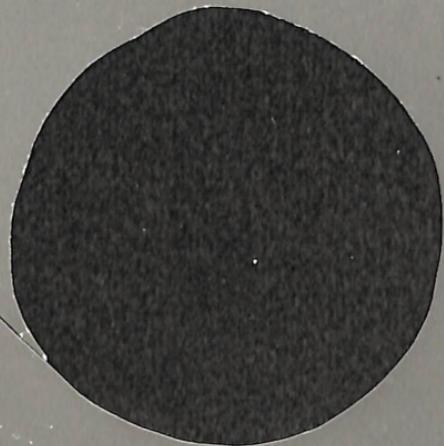
Pink w Paw
Feb 1962
Feb 1962
win



3.136



3. 146



3.156



CHIAN COINS

Miss V. Grace BALDWIN Jr. III
(neg.)

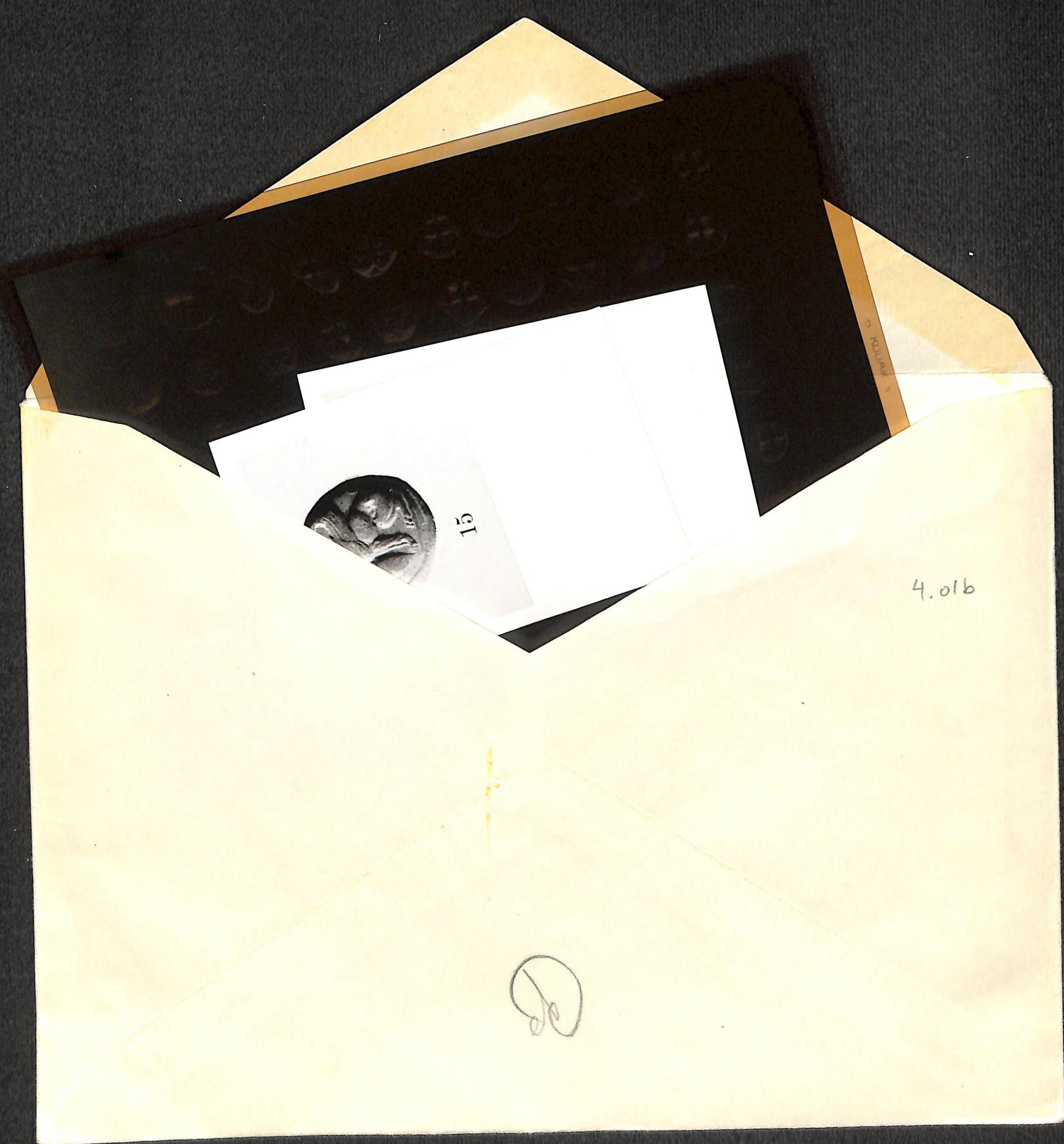
4.019

τὸ τρίποτο

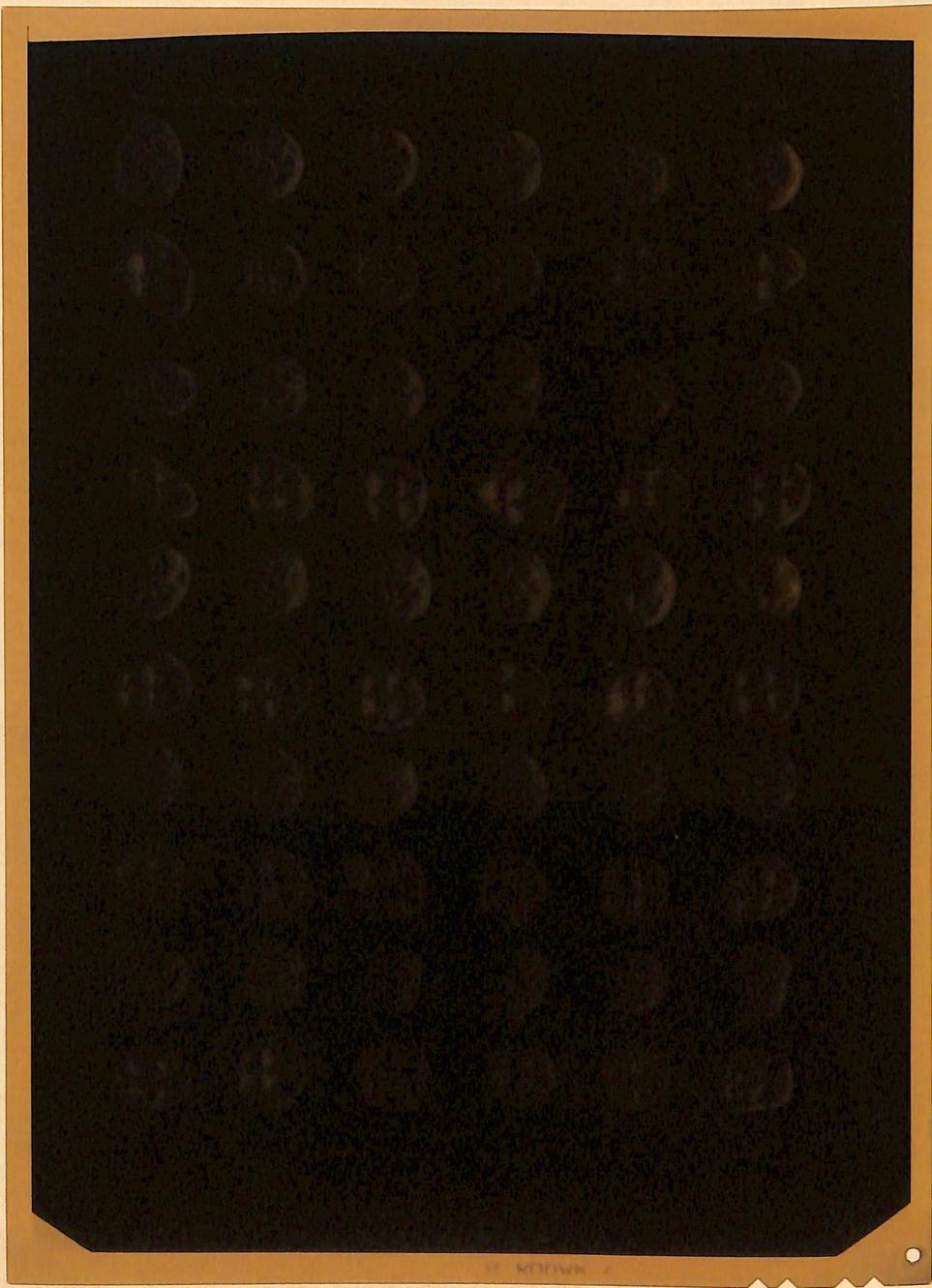
τῇ περιπτύ σημά

3 τόντους ἀσένας

τὸ σῆμα



Do





15

4.02b



15

4.036

CHIAN - COINS

5

THE AUSTRALIAN ARCHAEOLOGICAL INSTITUTE AT ATHENS

ΑΥΣΤΡΑΛΙΑΝΟ ΑΡΧΑΙΟΛΟΓΙΚΟ ΙΝΣΤΙΤΟΥΤΟ ΑΘΗΝΩΝ

Patron in Chief : His Excellency the Right Honourable Sir Ninian Stephen.
A.K., G.C.M.G. G C.V.O., K.B.E.,
Governor General of the Commonwealth of Australia

Office :
Zacharitsa 23
Koukaki, Athens 117 41
Tel. 32 44 842
Hostel & Library : Promachou 2
Makriyanni, Athens 117 42

Γραφείο :
Ζαχαρίτσα 23 Κουκάκι, Αθήνα 117 41
Τηλ. 32 44 842
Επανών & Βιβλιοθήκη : Προμάχου 2
Μακρυγιάννη, Αθήνα 117 42

You are cordially invited to a seminar to be held
at the Hostel and Library of the Australian
Archaeological Institute at Athens entitled:

"The Coinage of Chios to the end of the 5th
Century B.C.,"

to be given by

Mr. Nicholas Hardwick
(The Universities of Sydney & Oxford)

On Monday 5th September 1988 at 7 p.m.
Promachou 2 (Corner Parthenonos) 4th floor.

CHIOS: POSTHUMOUS ALEXANDER COINAGE

c.280-270 B.C.

(Pergi 1955 Hd; IGCH 455; BCH 81(1957), p.497, pl.IX,10)

c.270-250 B.C.



q. P 1114 (Group B - 240 B.C.)

ANS-Gans 1954

c.190-170 B.C.



ANS-ETN



ANS-Gautier



Hermitage



Paris 830

Robert A. Bauslaugh

University of California, Berkeley



Bob Banslau Jr.
Oct. 28, 77'

6.02

Dear Miss Grace:

Here are photos of the various numismatic amphorae we were discussing the other evening. These photographs were the best that I had left after sending Miss Thompson the paper and hopefully they show the type clearly enough.

I'm anxious to see the amphorae in person and will call ahead when I can come down to the Agora.

BdB

Stoa of Attalos
Nov. 2, 1977

To R. A. Bauslaugh

Dear Bob,

Thank you very much for the excellent photographs of a sequence of posthumous Alexanders showing the Chian amphora. I find some interesting comparisons with actual jars. Come down some time when you are less pressed, and tell me what you think.

Yours,

Virginia R. Grace

17.T.95 List of Chian names in coins and pottery [7.01]
 made by Constantine Lagos.

Name on coins + pottery	Chronology of coins	Chronology of pottery	Place of discovery of pottery
Aθναίος	mid Second c BC	?	(L) Kenchreai and (A) Chios
Αλκιπάξος	mid second c BC	?	Alexandria, Palestine Delos
Απέσσυς	c 90 BC	(two differe) (nt potters)?	Cyprus, Alicarnassus, Chios, Samos Alexandria, Delos, Pergamos, Chios
Αποχωνίδης	late Second BC	?	Chios
Αριτεύς	c 170 BC	?	Athens
Αρτεμίσιος	late Second BC	?	Athens
Διοδώρος	mid First c BC	?	Athens, Delos, Alexandria
Ζεῦν	mid Second c BC	?	Alexandria
Ηρόδωρος	II	?	Athens
Ηρόσορος	mid Third c BC	?	Athens
Σέρβιος	c 270 BC	Third c BC	Alexandria, Chios Athens
Ικελίος	c 270 BC	250-225	Chios, Samos Alexandria, Athens, Delos Eretia, Pergamos, Salamis of Cyprus.
Μεγάλης	early First c BC	?	Alexandria
Μητρόπολις	mid First c BC	?	Alexandria, Mauortis
Μυροφίλης	early First c BC	?	Athens, Paphos, Chios Delos
Μυρούνης	early First c BC	?	Athens, Paphos, Chios Delos
Μυρικίην	early Second c BC?	?	Athens, Chios

Information on names on pottery taken from Sankaris:
 "Chian Prosopography"
 Athens 1951

7.02

Nikras

Physics

made by Constantine Lagos

17.I.95 Notes on Chian lagynos stamps bearing stamps w. Sphinxes
which appear on coins too

(1)

The Bronze coin series known as
Mavrogoratos 62a and 62b were wrongly
dated by Mavrogoratos to the period
190-88 BC (see Mavrogoratos NC
1916 p 297-355)

The issues are now dated (on strong
numismatic evidence) to the period
c 270-220 BC. The coins continued to
circulate—even after their issue ceased—
down to the early second century BC.
After 220 BC most of the coins were
countermarked on Chios with a tripod
symbol.

I have divided these issues
into five groups according to the symbol
which appears next to the sphinx, on the
obverse, and also on stylistical grounds.
The groups are (in chronological order
based on overstruck issues)

- 1) Sphinx + ear of grain
- 2) Sphinx + no symbol
- 3) Sphinx + star
- 4) Sphinx + bunch of grapes
- 5) Sphinx + club.

(2)

Clay sta
found
in pergam

There are some slight stylistical differences even for coins belonging to the same group (and in a few cases even of ~~coins~~ between coins of the same magistrate & from different dies).

The stylistical differences are mainly concentrated on the sphinx (e.g. wings, head, front foot) and it's relatively easy for someone who has studied these coins ^{one} to tell ~~only~~- even from the sphinx - the group to which a coin (or coin impression) belongs.

Three lagynoi found in the Athens agora excavations bear sphinx-stamps which are very close to sphinx types that appear on coin of this coin issue.

SS 1683. The sphinx is very close to one which appears on some of the coins of the sphinx + star group.

SS 11481. The sphinx is very close to a sphinx type which also appears on coins

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on the co
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right ar

Of the o
a sphinx
stamps, on
coin impr
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AD.

(3)

of the Sphinx + star group (but not the same with the previous one)

76a.

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dochur group

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SS 12619 : The Sphinx is similar to the Sphinx type which is usually present on the Sphinx + bunch of grapes to group estesys

Of these lagynoi stamps two at least (SS 1683 and SS 11481) could have been made from coins. SS 12619 : The Sphinx here is similar to the group Sphinx + Bunch of grapes but it seems to me more likely that the coin was copied on the seal-stamp. A letter (E or Π) appears under the belly of the sphinx. On the coins of group Sphinx + Bunch of grapes no letter appears. Only on the very latest group (Sphinx + club) do we have the appearance of a letter in exactly that place (but the sphinx of this group is very different to the above sphinx)

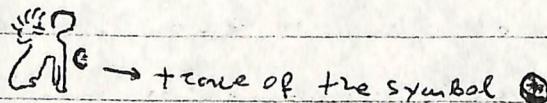
(4)

SS 1683: The stamp here could have been made with a coin. However the stamp carries letters next to the sphinx which are not present on any coin of this type. This means that the coin was slightly altered and reused as the personal device of the potter.

an impress
I assume +
shape of the
part of the
Conclusion
to have i-

SS 11481: The sphinx of this stamp is exactly the same with that that appears on some of the sphinx + star group. Traces of the symbol next to the sphinx are still visible.

11481. Ev-
from real
are contemp-
a specific co-
+ star w-
the entir-
number 1



The symbol is a circle which encloses a star (not all the coins of this group show the star within a circle; the majority has the star by itself.)

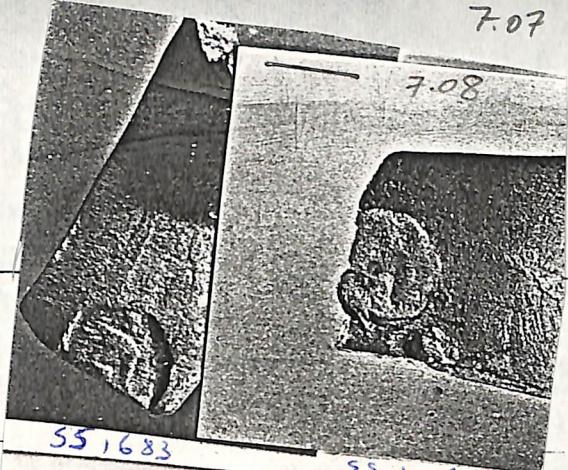
The letters forming the name ΙΜΩΝΙΚΟΣ do not belong of course to the coin. It is my belief that the potter used a separate small stamp * with his name with which he stamped

The same

stamps al-

* There is a small clay stamp

* The name ΙΜΩΝΙΚΟΣ also appears by itself on a small stamp on a fragmentary



have been
amp carrier
re not present
s that
reversed
potter.

(5)

an impression of the coin
I assume this from the
shape of the stamp is
first of the up head of

Conclusion: Two of

to have involved coins 55 1683 and 55
11481. Even if these stamps are not
from real coins but copies of coins they
are contemporary of coins belonging to
a specific coin groups. The group sphinx
+ star was struck in the middle of
the entire issue of series 62a, b (my
number 16) and should be dated c 250 BC
The hauler could have been ^{Used} any
time between c 250 and 220 BC or
even later.



Example of
a Sphinx +
star
coin.



Example of
Sphinx + bunch
of grapes
coin

(MONIKOS)

The same potter responsible for the above
stamps also stamped lagynos A 5 774 Round
at Pergamon

MONIKOS
It is my
ate small
tamped

(5)

have been
amp carrier
re not present
as that
reversed
potter.

stamp is
appears
Traces
are still

(5)
closer q
up show
500ty

an impression of the coin on the handle.

I assume this from the fact that the shape of the stamp is irregular and that part of the top head of sphinx is missing.

Conclusion: Two of the stamps seem to have involved coins 551683 and 551481. Even if these stamps are not from real coins but copies of coins they are contemporary of coins belonging to a specific coin group. The group sphinx + star was struck in the middle of the entire issue of series 62a, b (coin number 16) and should be dated c 250 BC. The handles could have been used.

Time between c 250 and 220 BC or even later.

(ΜΗΝΙΚΟΣ)

The same potter responsible for the above stamps also stamped larynchos A S 774 found at Pergamon

ΜΗΝΙΚΟΣ
It is my
ate small
tamped

7.08



SS 1683

SS 12619

SS 11481 (not good photo)



Example of
a sphinx +
star
coin.

Example of
Sphinx + Branch
of grapes
coin

(b)

The name in this case he used a drachm
of Chios. This coin belongs to the group
of drachms without Manzogordatos 76a.

Manzogordatos dealt with these ~~so~~ drachms
(NC 1916 p 242-4) and dated them to

the First C BC. His date was wrong and

I've already argued that ~~this~~ drachm group

belongs to the early part of the Second

C BC (the numismatic evidence here is

plentiful, high weight which matches

drachm of this period, the style of the

Sphinx, the letter-forms etc.)

The lagynos stamp of Pergamon is also

shown that ~~this~~ drachm group belongs to
this period or slightly earlier

Again as with the case with the Athenian

stamps the name ΠΕΡΓΑΜΟΝ... was stamped

on the ready coin impression (I find it

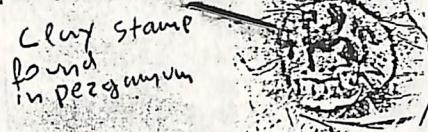
difficult to believe that the potter actually

cut his name in the drachm.)

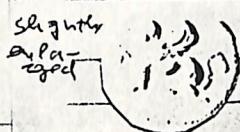
The stamp from Pergamon comes almost

certainly from a coin. Not only does the

sphinx matches that of the coin down to the



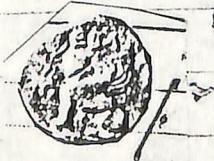
Draught of 76a



If one
forever
group
tweens
different
airily
(e.g.
relatively
se coins
using the
procession)
Athens
stamps
types which
close to
coins of
close to
on coins

Smallest detail, but obvious e.g. features
are evident e.g. the sphinx facing left (7)
on the clay stamp is the same with that
on the coin (the other ~~clay~~ of them
clay stamps show the sphinx facing
right or on the reverse issue.)

Of the other clay stamps featuring
a sphinx shown to me in the Attalos
Museum, only one other could have been a
coin impression. This a clay-stamp on
a larynx found in Alexandria and the
style of the sphinx is close to that of
the ~~largest~~ some certain drachm struck
in the late First c BC and early 1st c
AD.

Obverse
early First c ADAlexandria
clay stamp

The Homereion was built and given to the Island of Chios by Michael and Stamatia Xylas on land granted by the Demos.

It was opened to the Public on 1st Nov. 1980, and it consists of the following areas:

Multi-purpose auditorium, seating 462, which is designed to function as a theatre, a concert hall, a cinema or a lecture hall.

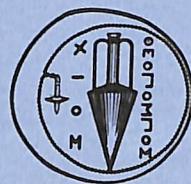
A conference room which seats 172, a board room with a capacity of 18–24 seats, exhibition galleries, a library with reading room, and a refreshment room with bar. The building is air conditioned throughout.

Up to the present moment about 70 lectures on a variety of subjects have been given here. Some of the speakers who have contributed since its inauguration are: Vassilis Lambrinoudakis, Theodoros Sarikakis, Charalambos Pennas, Sir David Hunt, Vassos Karageorghis, Benjamin Merritt, George Merikas, Linos Benakis and Dimitrios Maronitis.

There have also been many commemorative celebrations, receptions and events of all kinds organised by charitable and cultural societies. In fact the Homereion has grown to be very much part of Chiot life and is becoming known throughout Greece.

It is strictly non-political and non-profit making.

HOMEREION CHIOS



Taken from
the cover
of Poster
Book 6.
See sketch.

A Conference on

CHIOS IN THE ANCIENT WORLD

April 1 – 8
1984

CHIOS IN THE ANCIENT WORLD

APRIL 1 – 8
1984

Speakers

Pierre Amandry
 John Barron
 John Boardman
 Robert Browning
 Nicholas Coldstream
 Kenneth Dover
 George Forrest
 Werner Fuchs
 Jasper Griffin
 Nicholas Hammond
 Francis Haskell
 Sinclair Hood
 Vassos Karageorghis
 Helmut Kyrieleis
 Vassilis Lambrinoudakis
 Robin Lane-Fox
 Charalambos Pennas
 Nicholas Richardson
 Brunhilde Ridgway
 Carl Roebuck
 Oliver Taplin
 Fred Yalouris
 Nicholas Yalouris

Organising Committee:

Professor John Boardman
 Professor Vassilis Lambrinoudakis
 Dr. Vassos Karageorghis
 Mrs. Nicholas Egon

Conference Secretary:

Dr. C. E. Vaphopoulou-Richardson
 Jesus College
 OXFORD

Registration fee £10 (includes reception party and attendance at all lectures), payable to the Secretary.

Travel and Accommodation

There are daily flights from Athens to Chios, for accommodation and travel to Chios you are invited to write to:

Theodore Marmarokopos
 Director of Chandris Tours
 Kanari 1, Piraeus
 Greece.

THE INSTITUTE FOR ADVANCED STUDY
PRINCETON, NEW JERSEY 08540

January 21, 1977

Miss Virginia Grace
American School of Classical Studies
Athens 140, GREECE

Dear Virginia:

While looking for something quite other I came on this nice picture of a chiote jar & sphinx datable to a year. I can't recall having seen it before but it may be thoroughly familiar to you.

As you have probably heard, the great transition is now accomplished and we all hope that J.C. will do as well in office as he has done on his way to that office.

Have you heard that Dick Stillwell suffered a slight heart attack a few days ago. He is now out of intensive care, and he looked remarkably well when D. and I called on him last evening. Celia too looked relieved.

All the best.

Yours ever,



Homer A. Thompson

Enclosure

10.01

Director
CARL WINTER, M.A.

Fitzwilliam Museum Cambridge

7. February 1961

Telephone
████████
50023

Dear Miss Grace,

I am sorry that you did not have these prints of the reverse of the Chian coin McC.8361 with the obverses, but your original letter asked only for the obverse, so that the single side of the coin had to be re-taken.

Thank you for your payment, which covers both sets of prints.

Yours sincerely,

Miss V. Grace,
American School of
Classical Studies,
Athens, Greece.

Graham Pollard.
(Graham Pollard.)



10.02b

McC 8361

✓✓



10.036

McC 8361

2 | 3

CHIAN COINS

576